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AR (phospho Tyr363) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-03283
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	AR
Protein Name	Androgen receptor
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Androgen Receptor around the phosphorylation site of Tyr363. AA range:331-380
Specificity	Phospho-AR (Y363) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AR protein only when phosphorylated at Y363.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Purity Storage Stability	≥90% -20°C/1 year
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year AR; DHTR; NR3C4; Androgen receptor; Dihydrotestosterone receptor; Nuclear
Storage Stability Synonyms	-20°C/1 year AR; DHTR; NR3C4; Androgen receptor; Dihydrotestosterone receptor; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4
Storage Stability Synonyms Observed Band	-20°C/1 year AR; DHTR; NR3C4; Androgen receptor; Dihydrotestosterone receptor; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4 85kD Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Detected at the promoter of target genes (PubMed:25091737). Predominantly cytoplasmic in unligated form but translocates to the nucleus upon ligand-binding. Can also translocate to the



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manifestations., disease: Defects in AR are the cause of spinal and bulb

Background

The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract from the normal 9-34 repeats to the pathogenic 38-62 repeats causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoform

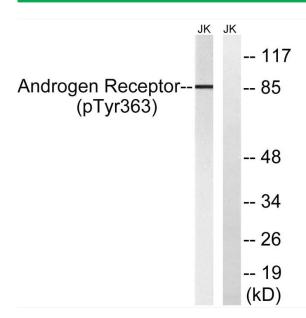
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells treated with UV 15', using Androgen Receptor (Phospho-Tyr363) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.